

EduSahara™ Learning Center Assignment**Grade : Class VIII, SSC****Chapter : Factorisation****Name : Factorisation Miscellaneous****Licensed To : Teachers and Students for non-commercial use**

1. Find the prime factorization of 26

(i) 2×13^2 (ii) 5×13 (iii) 2×12

(iv) 2×13 (v) 2×11

2. Find the prime factorization of 64

(i) 2^3 (ii) 5^6 (iii) 2^7

(iv) 2^5 (v) 2^6

3. Which of the following is a factor of $8x^3y^5z^5$?

(i) $2x^2y^4z^6$ (ii) $2x^2y^4z^2$ (iii) $2x^3y^4z^6$ (iv) $2x^2y^6z^2$ (v) $x^4y^4z^2$

4. Which of the following is not a factor of $8xy^3z^2$?

(i) $2xy^3z$ (ii) $2y^3z^2$ (iii) $2x^2y^4z^2$ (iv) $2xy^2z^2$

5. Which of the following is a factor of $(7x^4 + y^2z)$?

(i) $7y^2$ (ii) y^2z (iii) $7x^4$ (iv) $7xz$ (v) no factors

6. Which of the following is an irreducible factor of $41x^2y^3z^4$?

(i) z (ii) xz^3 (iii) $x^2y^3z^3$ (iv) y^3z (v) x^2y

7. Which of the following is not an irreducible factor of $(x^2y + xy^2 + xy)$?

(i) $(x + y + 1)$ (ii) x (iii) y (iv) xy

8. Which of the following are true ?

- a) Division of a polynomial with another polynomial stops when the degree of the remainder equals the degree of the divisor
 - b) If $p(a) = 0$, then $(x + a)$ perfectly divides $p(x)$
 - c) If the degree of $p(x)$ is less than the degree of $d(x)$, we should not divide $p(x)$ with $d(x)$
 - d) If $p(x)$ is divided by $(x - a)$, the remainder is $p(a)$
 - (i) $\{b, d\}$ (ii) $\{a, c\}$ (iii) $\{a, d, c\}$ (iv) $\{a, b, c\}$ (v) $\{c, d\}$
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9. In which of the cases, $g(x)$ is a factor of $f(x)$?

(i) $f(x) = (-3x^3 - 8x^2 + 3x + 8)$, $g(x) = (-3x + 5)$

(ii) $f(x) = (3x^3 - 5x^2 - 3x + 5)$, $g(x) = (3x + 2)$

(iii) $f(x) = (18x^3 + 123x^2 + 242x + 112)$, $g(x) = (2x + 7)$

(iv) $f(x) = (-3x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + 2)$, $g(x) = (3x + 8)$

(v) $f(x) = (-6x^3 - 31x^2 - 19x + 56)$, $g(x) = (x + 1)$

10. $(4x^4 + 16x^3) \div 4x^2$

(i) $4x$ (ii) $(-x^2 + 4x)$ (iii) $(x^2 + 5x)$

(iv) $(x^2 - 4x)$ (v) $(x^2 + 4x)$

11. $(8x^4 + 22x^3 + 15x^2) \div (4x^2 + 5x)$

(i) $(-2x^2 + 3x)$ (ii) $(2x^2 + 4x)$ (iii) $(2x^2 - 3x)$

(iv) $(2x^2 + 3x)$ (v) $(x^2 + 3x)$

12. $(9x^4 + 51x^3 + 84x^2 + 36x) \div (3x^2 + 15x + 18)$

(i) $(3x^2 - 2x)$ (ii) $(3x^2 + x)$ (iii) $(-3x^2 + 2x)$

(iv) $(3x^2 + 3x)$ (v) $(3x^2 + 2x)$

Assignment Key

- 1) (iv)
- 2) (v)
- 3) (ii)
- 4) (iii)
- 5) (v)
- 6) (i)
- 7) (iv)
- 8) (v)
- 9) (iii)
- 10) (v)
- 11) (iv)
- 12) (v)