

EduSahara™ Learning Center Assignment

Grade : Class X, SSC

Chapter : Polynomials

Name : Graphical Representation of Quadratic Polynomial

Find the table of points that satisfy

1. the parabola equation $y = 4x^2$

(i)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	16	4	0	4	18

(ii)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	16	4	-2	4	16

(iii)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	16	4	0	4	16

(iv)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	16	4	-1	4	16

(v)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	16	4	0	5	16

Find the table of points that satisfy

2. the parabola equation $y = (-2x^2)$

(i)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	-8	-2	0	-2	-6

(ii)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	-8	-2	-1	-2	-8

(iii)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	-8	-2	0	-1	-8

(iv)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	-8	-2	-2	-2	-8

(v)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-8	-2	0	-2	-8

Find the table of points that satisfy

3. the parabola equation $y = (2x^2 + 12x + 10)$

(i)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	-6	0	10	24	44

(ii)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	-6	0	9	24	42

(iii)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-6	0	10	24	42

(iv)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	-6	0	10	25	42

(v)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	-6	0	8	24	42

Find the table of points that satisfy

4. the parabola equation $y = (3x^2 - 4x - 4)$



(i)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	16	3	-6	-5	0

(iii)

x	-2	-1	0	2
y	16	3	-4	0

(v)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	16	3	-4	-5	2

(ii)

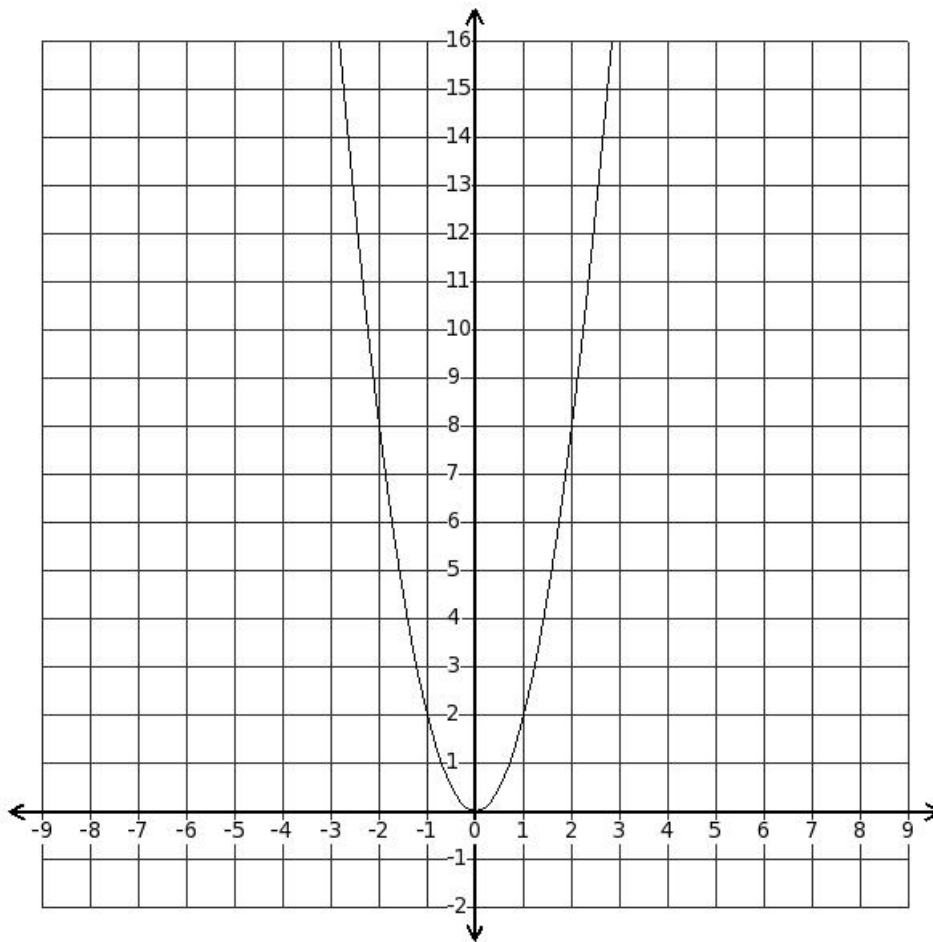
x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	16	3	-4	-5	0

(iv)

x	-2	-1	1	2
y	16	3	-5	0

Find the table of points that satisfy

5. the parabola equation $y = 2x^2$



(i)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	8	2	-1	2	8

(ii)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	8	2	0	3	8

(iii)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	8	2	-2	2	8

(iv)

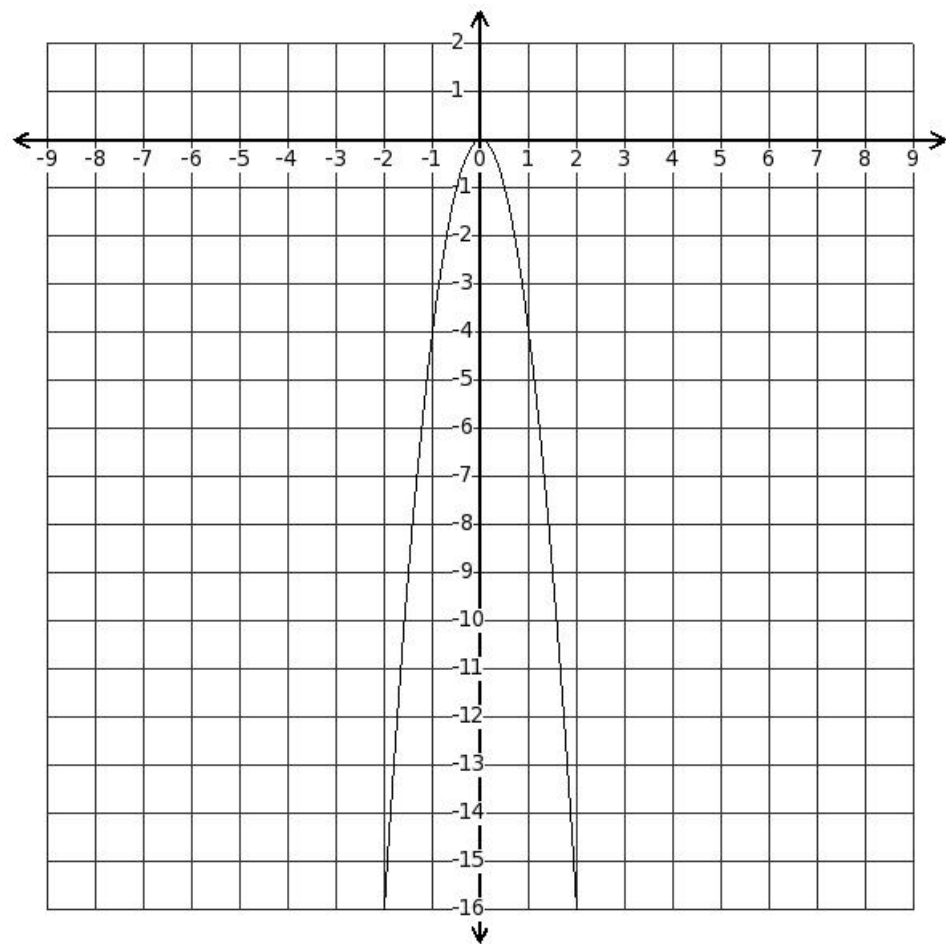
x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	8	2	0	2	10

(v)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	8	2	0	2	8

Find the table of points that satisfy

6. the parabola equation $y = (-4x^2)$



- (i)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	-16	-4	0	-4	-14
- (ii)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	-16	-4	-2	-4	-16
- (iii)

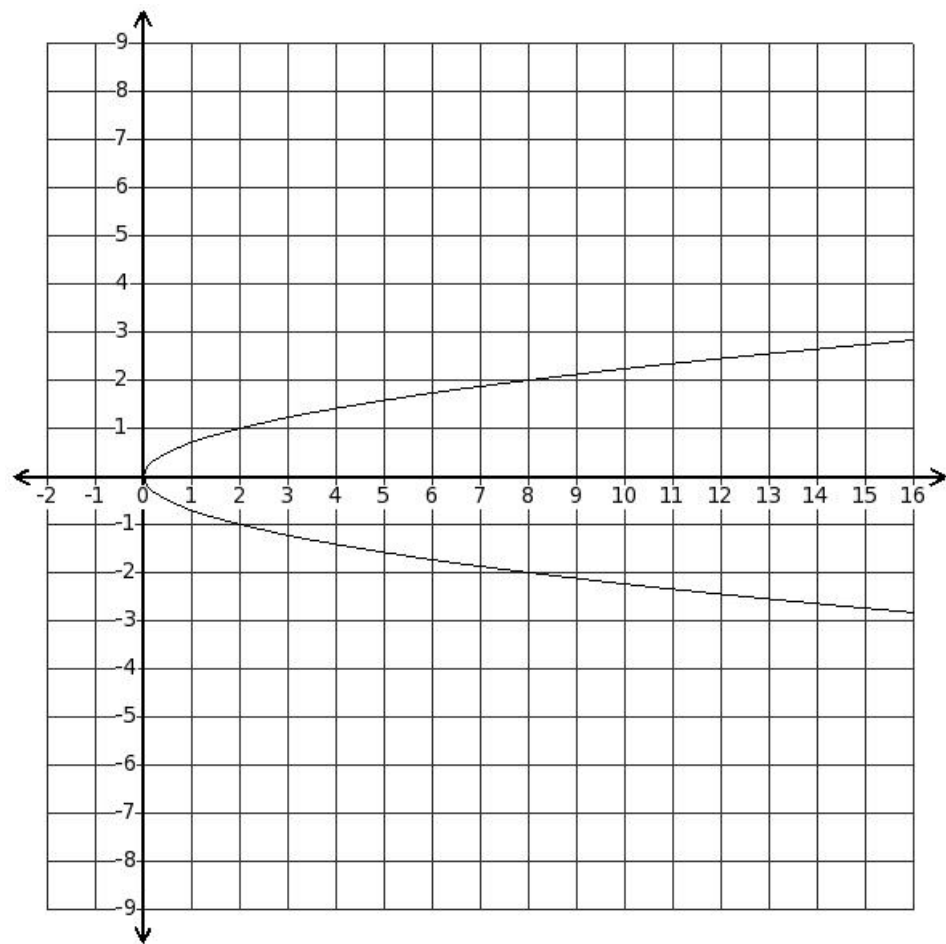
x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-16	-4	0	-4	-16
- (iv)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	-16	-4	-1	-4	-16
- (v)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	-16	-4	0	-3	-16

Find the table of points that satisfy

7. the parabola equation $x = 2y^2$



(i)

x	8	2	0	1	8
y	-2	-1	0	2	2

(ii)

x	8	2	-2	2	8
y	-2	-1	-2	1	2

(iii)

x	8	2	1	2	8
y	-2	-1	-1	1	2

(iv)

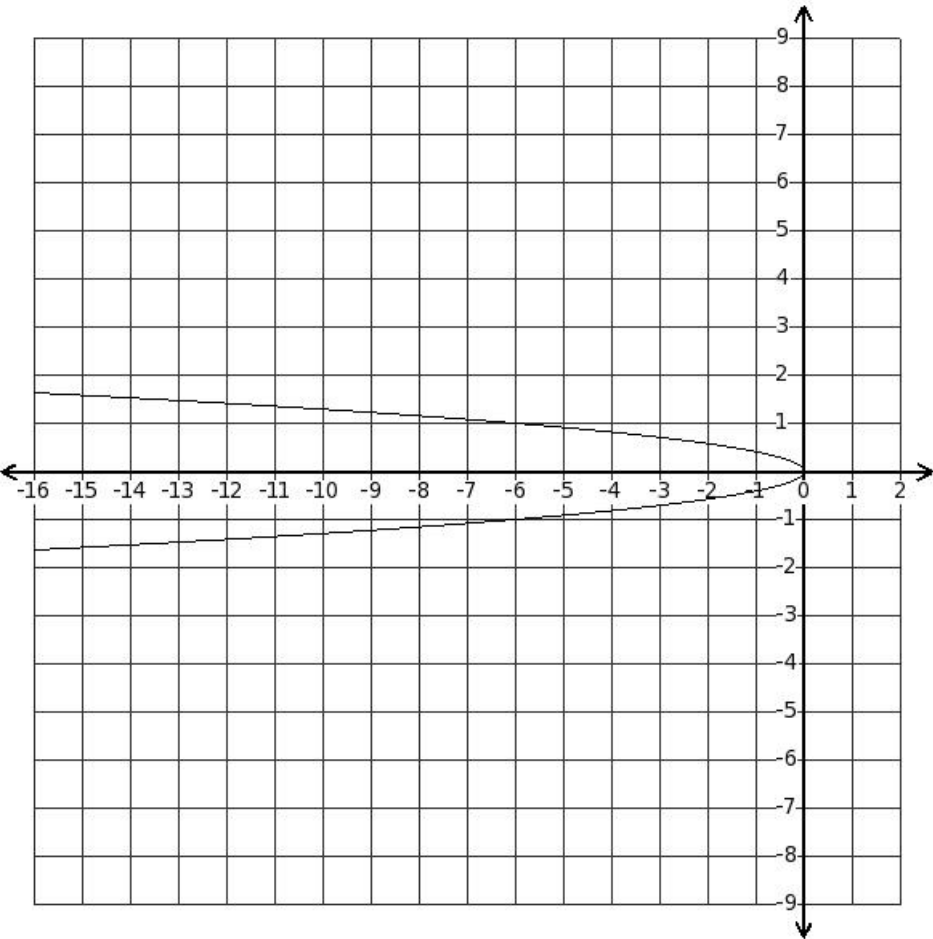
x	8	2	0	2	8
y	-2	-1	0	1	2

(v)

x	8	2	0	2	10
y	-2	-1	0	1	4

Find the table of points that satisfy

8. the parabola equation $x = (-6y^2)$



- (i)

x	-24	-6	0	-6	-24
y	-2	-1	0	1	2
- (ii)

x	-24	-6	-2	-6	-24
y	-2	-1	-2	1	2
- (iii)

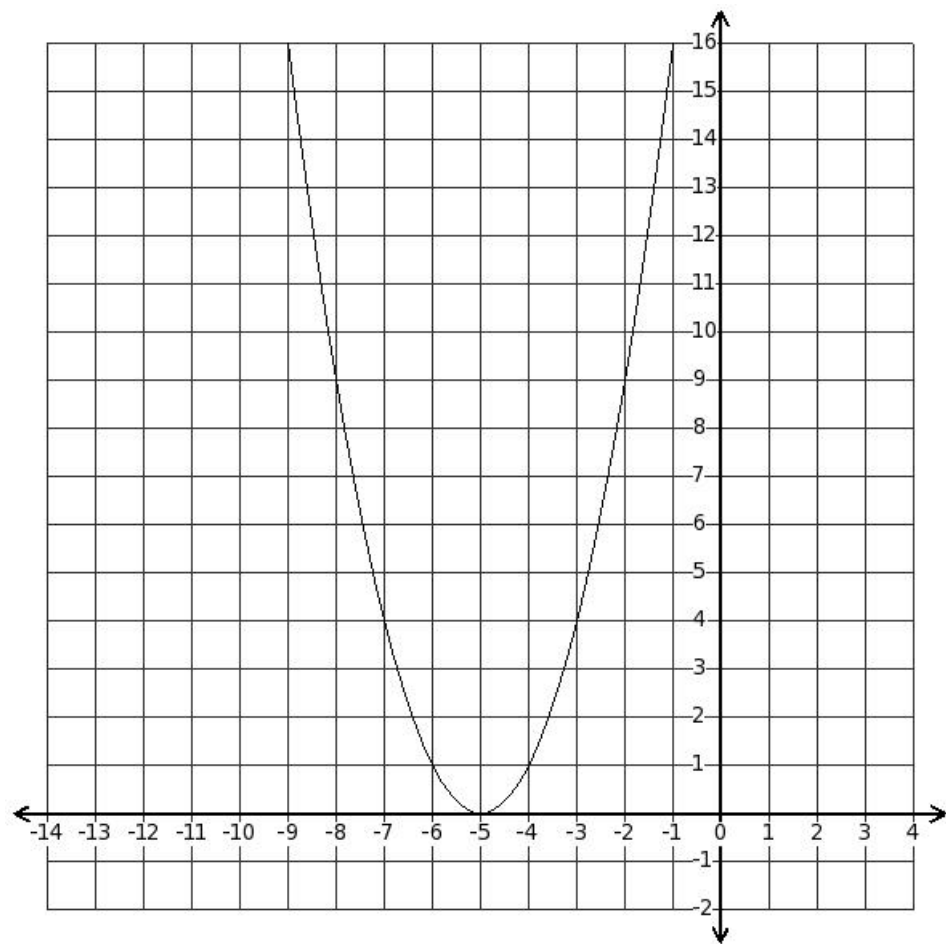
x	-24	-6	0	-6	-22
y	-2	-1	0	1	4
- (iv)

x	-24	-6	0	-7	-24
y	-2	-1	0	2	2
- (v)

x	-24	-6	1	-6	-24
y	-2	-1	-1	1	2

Find the table of points that satisfy

9. the parabola equation $y = (x^2 + 10x + 25)$



- (i)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	9	16	25	36	49
- (ii)

x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	9	16	25	37	49
- (iii)

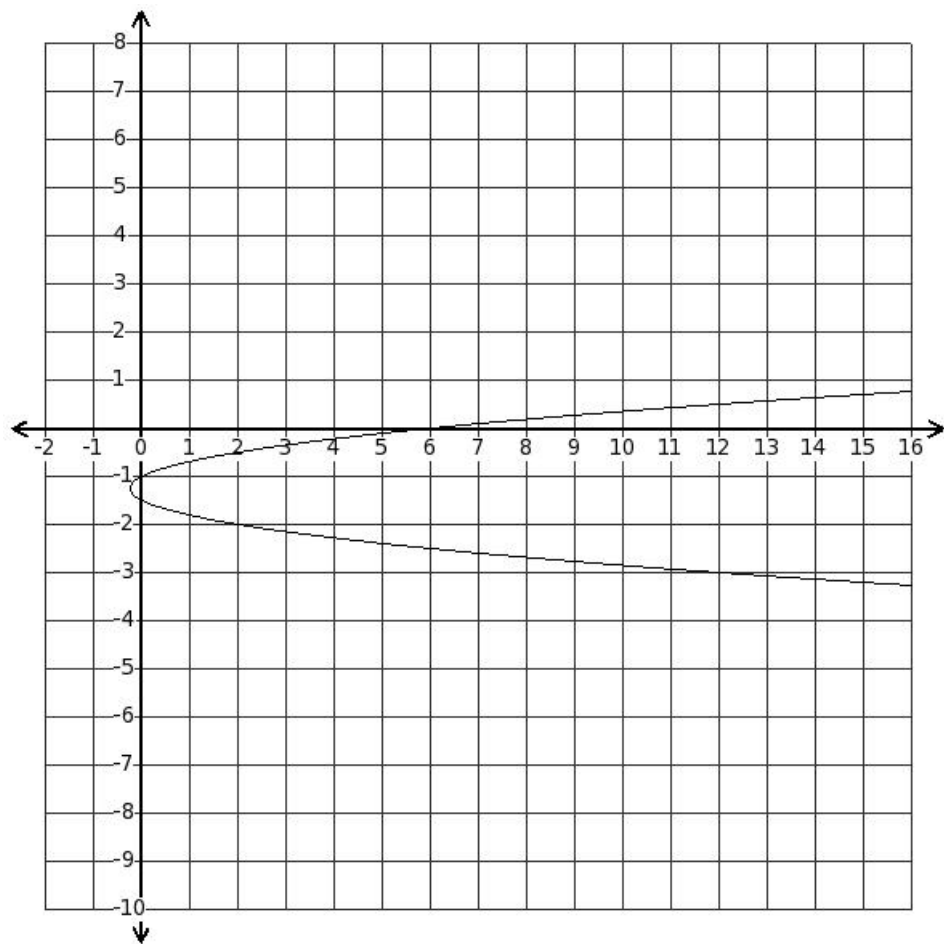
x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	9	16	24	36	49
- (iv)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	9	16	25	36	51
- (v)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	9	16	23	36	49

Find the table of points that satisfy

10. the parabola equation $x = (4y^2 + 10y + 6)$



(i)

x	2	0	7	20	42
y	-2	-1	-1	1	2

(ii)

x	2	0	4	20	42
y	-2	-1	-2	1	2

(iii)

x	2	0	6	20	42
y	-2	-1	0	1	2

(iv)

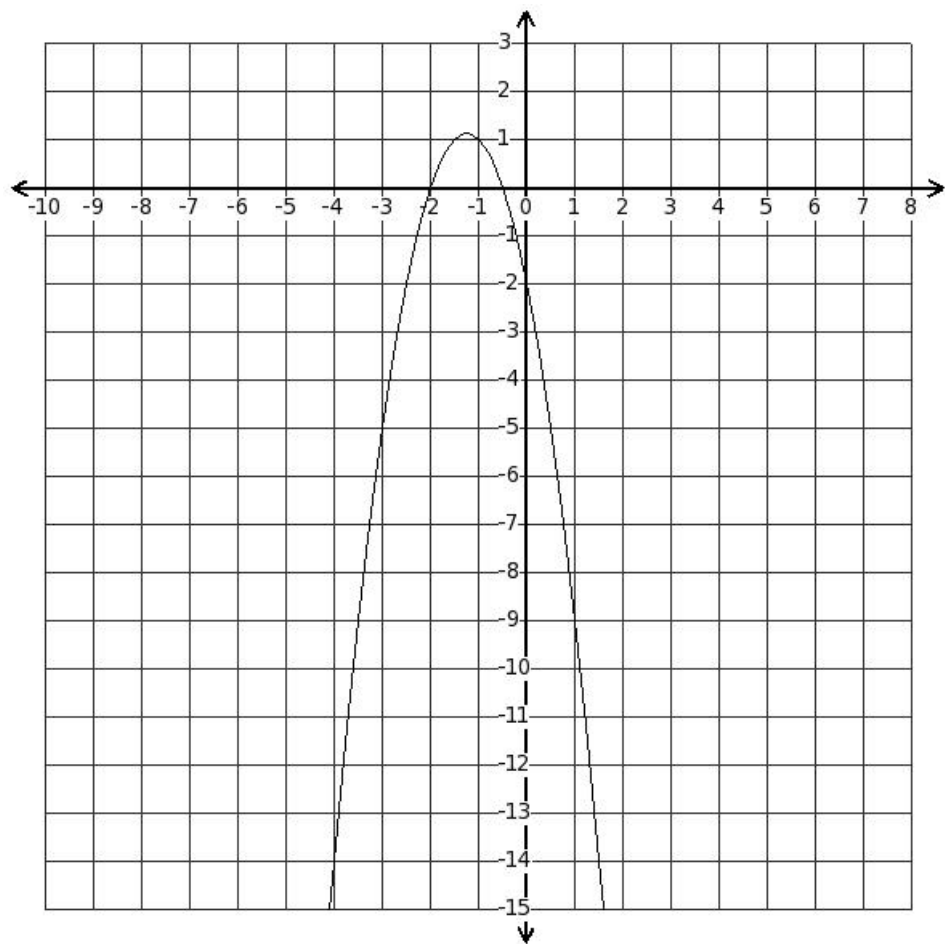
x	2	0	6	19	42
y	-2	-1	0	2	2

(v)

x	2	0	6	20	44
y	-2	-1	0	1	4

Find the table of points that satisfy

11. the parabola equation $y = (-2x^2 - 5x - 2)$



- (i)

x	-2	-1	-2	1	2
y	0	1	-4	-9	-20
- (ii)

x	-2	-1	0	1	4
y	0	1	-2	-9	-18
- (iii)

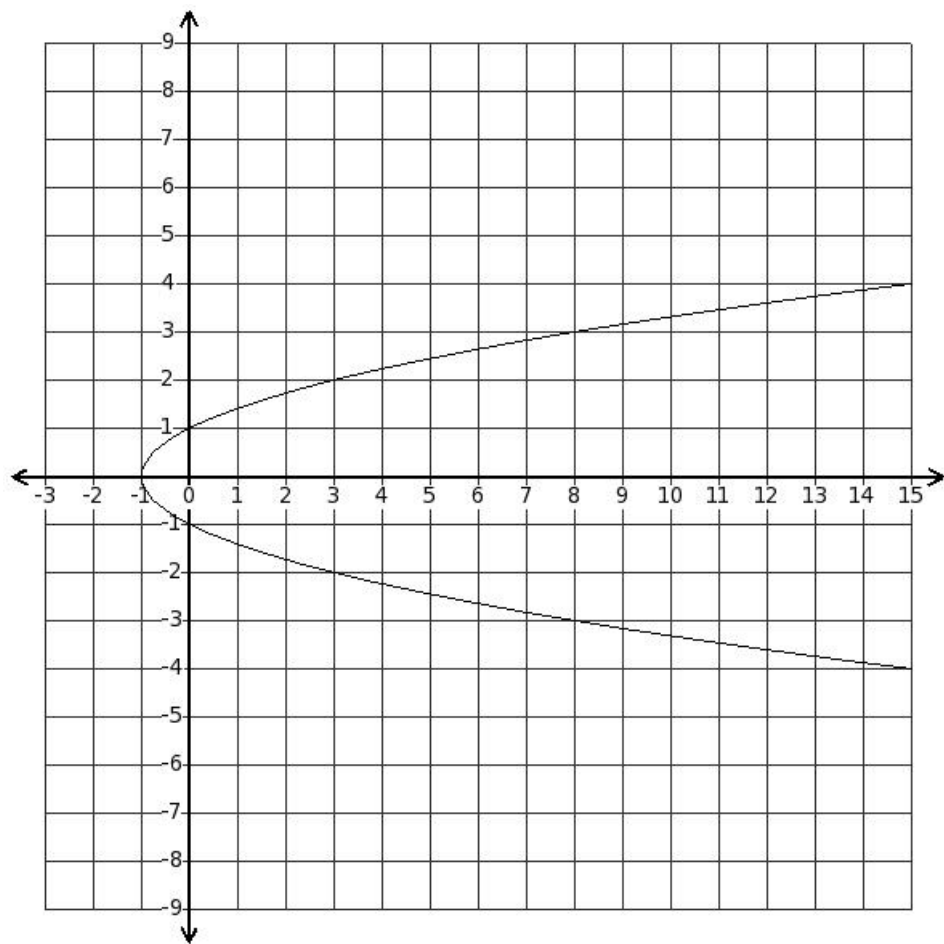
x	-2	-1	0	0	2
y	0	1	-2	-8	-20
- (iv)

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	0	1	-2	-9	-20
- (v)

x	-2	-1	1	1	2
y	0	1	-3	-9	-20

Find the table of points that satisfy

12. the parabola equation $x = (y^2 - 1)$



- (i)

x	3	0	-1	0	3
y	-2	-1	0	1	2
- (ii)

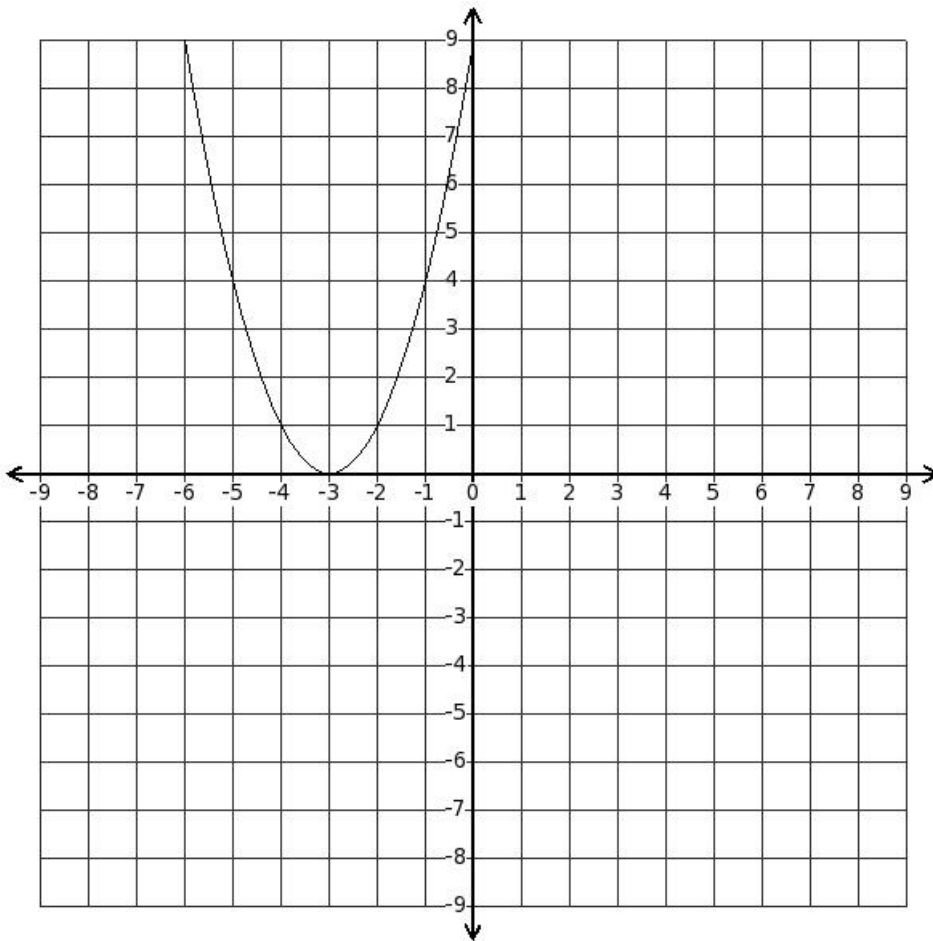
x	3	0	-1	0	5
y	-2	-1	0	1	4
- (iii)

x	3	0	0	3
y	-2	-1	1	2
- (iv)

x	3	0	-3	0	3
y	-2	-1	-2	1	2
- (v)

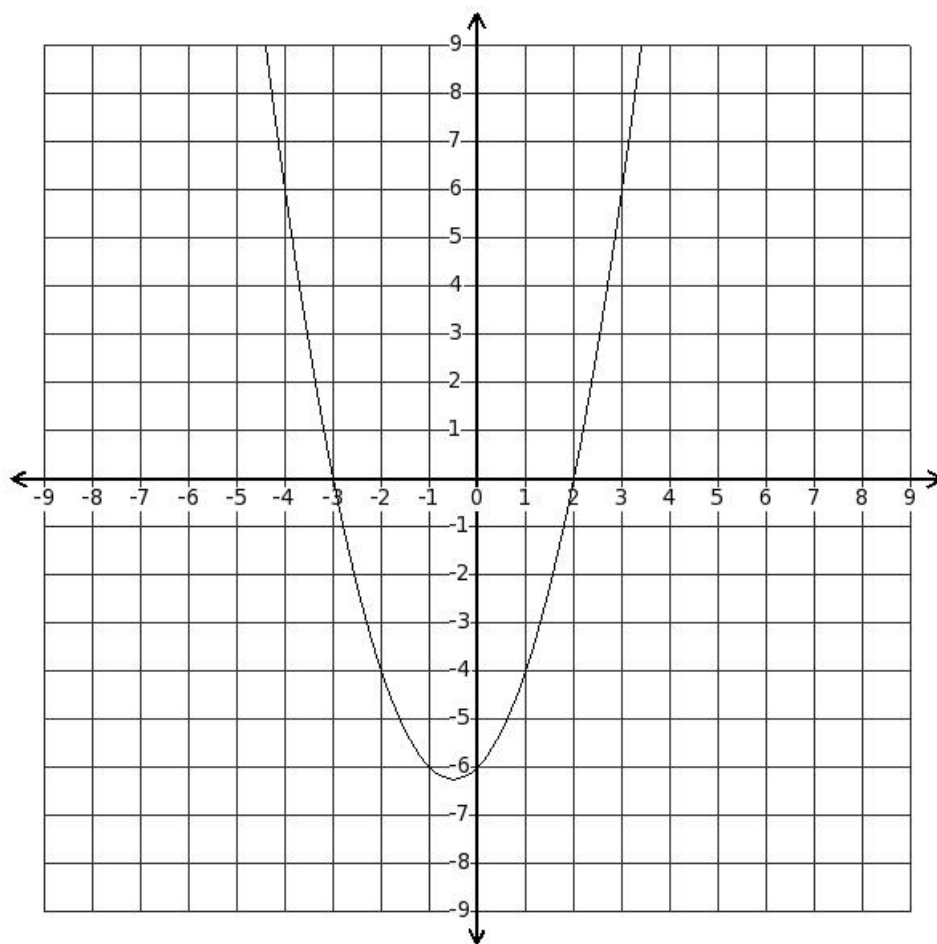
x	3	0	-1	-1	3
y	-2	-1	0	2	2

13. Find the roots of the quadratic equation $(x^2 + 6x + 9) = 0$



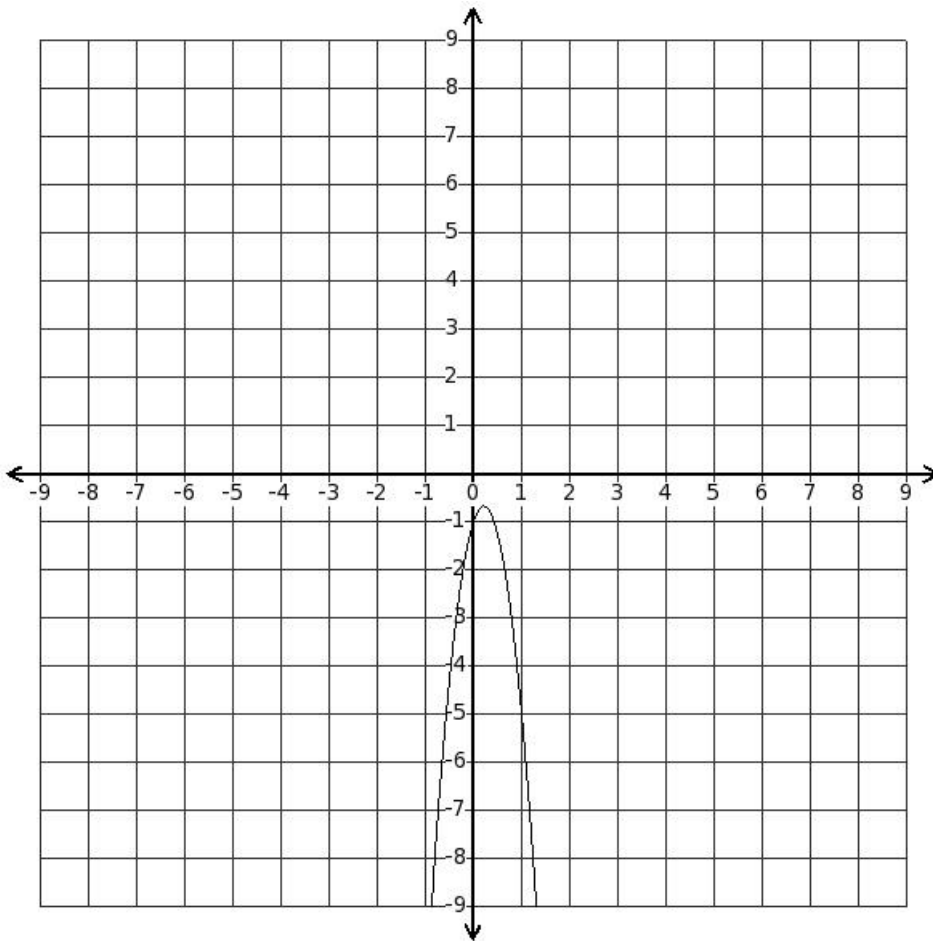
- (i) $(-3, -3)$ (ii) no real roots (iii) $(-2, -2)$ (iv) $(-2, -3)$ (v) $(1, -3)$
-

14. Find the roots of the quadratic equation $(x^2 + x - 6) = 0$



(i) (6 , -3) (ii) no real roots (iii) (3 , -3) (iv) (3 , -2) (v) (2 , -3)

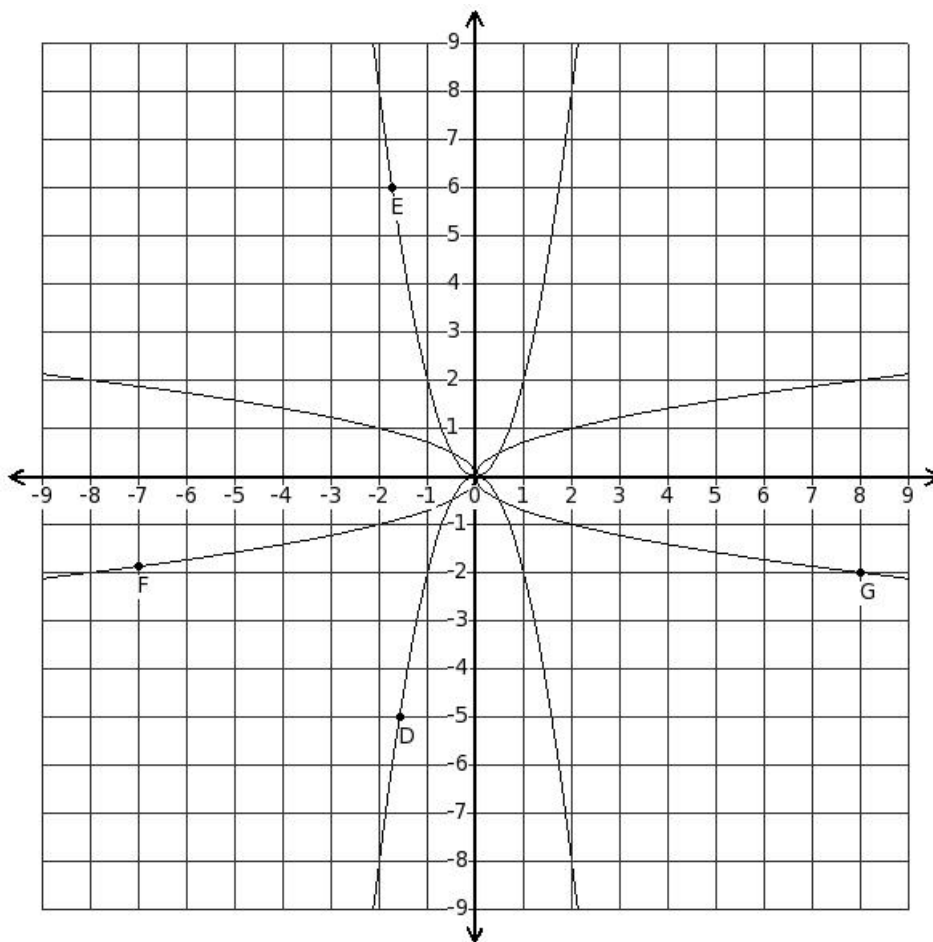
15. Find the roots of the quadratic equation $(- 7 x^2 + 3 x - 1) = 0$



(i) (1 , 1) (ii) no real roots (iii) (1 , 0) (iv) (3 , 0)

Which of the displayed parabolae represent

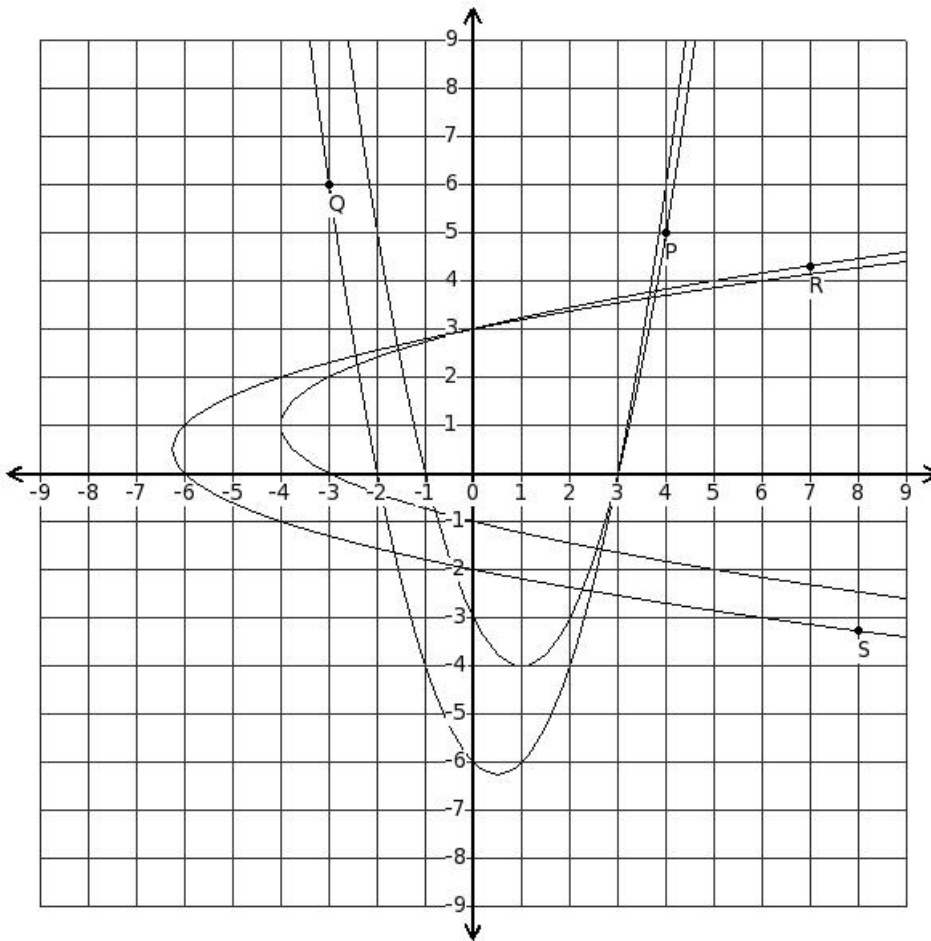
16. the equation $y = (-2x^2)$



- (i) parabola with point E
- (ii) parabola with point D
- (iii) parabola with point F
- (iv) parabola with point G

Which of the displayed parabolae represent

17. the equation $y = (x^2 - 2x - 3)$



- (i) parabola with point R
- (ii) parabola with point S
- (iii) parabola with point P
- (iv) parabola with point Q

The given table of points satisfy which parabola equation?

18.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	36	16	4	0	4	16	36

- (i) $y = 2x^2$ (ii) $y = 6x^2$ (iii) $y = 3x^2$
- (iv) $y = 5x^2$ (v) $y = 4x^2$

The given table of points satisfy which parabola equation?

19.

x	36	16	4	0	4	16	36
y	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3

- (i) $x = 5y^2$ (ii) $x = 3y^2$ (iii) $x = 4y^2$
- (iv) $x = 7y^2$ (v) $x = y^2$

The given table of points satisfy which parabola equation?

20.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-18	-8	-2	0	-2	-8	-18

(i) $y = (-3x^2)$ (ii) $y = (-4x^2)$ (iii) $y = (-2x^2)$

(iv) $y = 0$ (v) $y = (-x^2)$

The given table of points satisfy which parabola equation?

21.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	2	-1	0	5	14	27	44

(i) $y = (x^2 + 7x + 5)$

(ii) $y = (2x^2 + 7x + 5)$

(iii) $y = (2x^2 + 10x + 5)$

(iv) $y = (2x^2 + 4x + 5)$

(v) $y = (3x^2 + 7x + 5)$

The given table of points satisfy which parabola equation?

22.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	48	25	8	-3	-8	-7	0

(i) $y = (2x^2 - 8x - 3)$

(ii) $y = (3x^2 - 10x - 3)$

(iii) $y = (4x^2 - 8x - 3)$

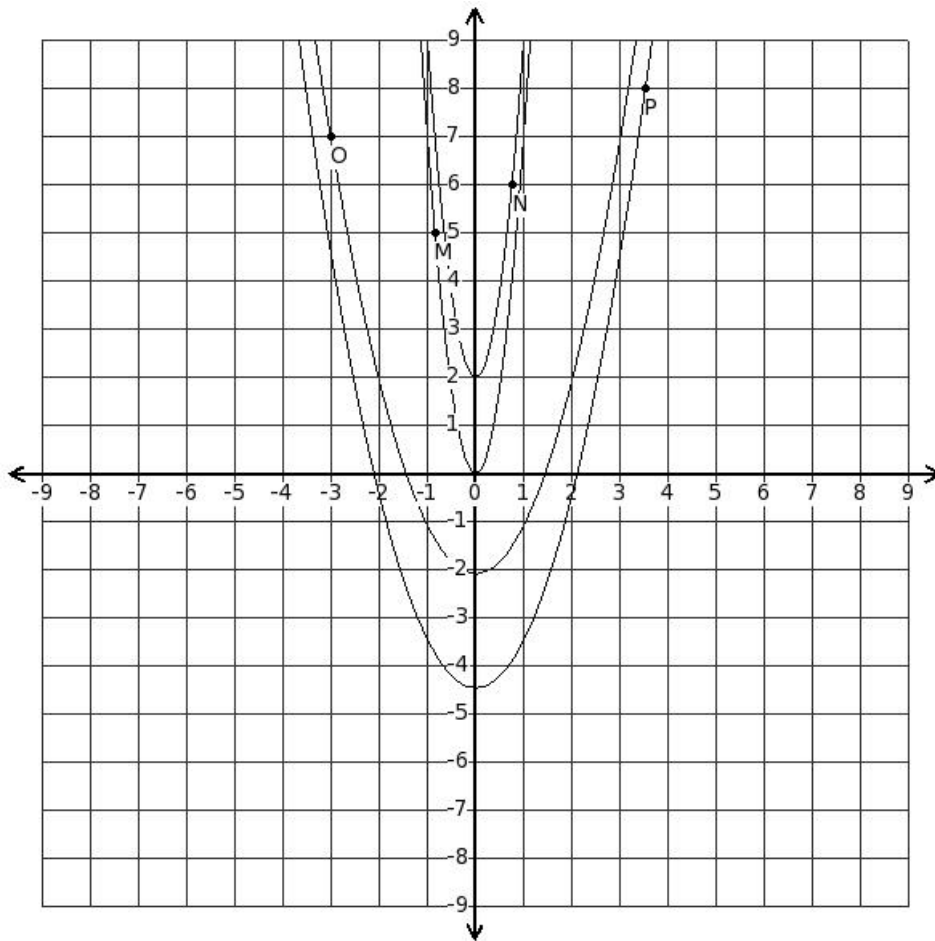
(iv) $y = (3x^2 - 8x - 3)$

(v) $y = (3x^2 - 5x - 3)$

Which of the displayed parabola represents

23.

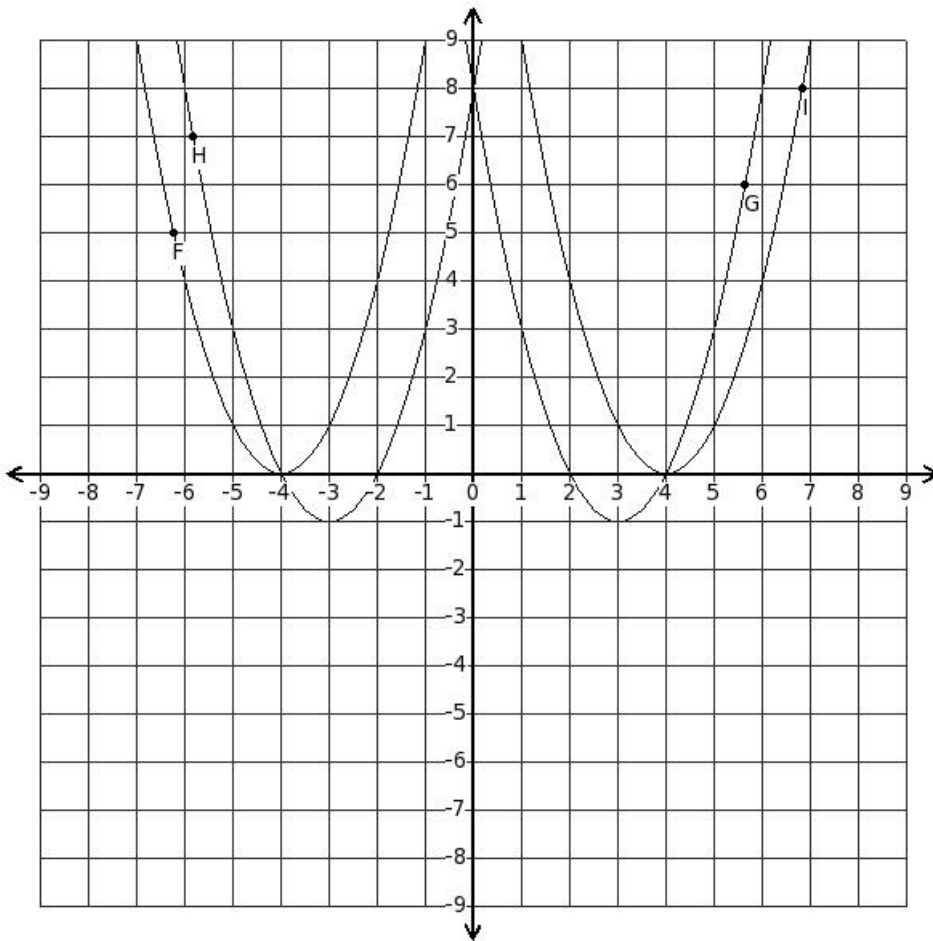
the equation $y = 7x^2$



- (i) parabola with point P
- (ii) parabola with point O
- (iii) parabola with point N
- (iv) parabola with point M

Which of the displayed parabolae represents

24. the equation $y = (x^2 + 6x + 8)$



- (i) parabola with point G
- (ii) parabola with point F
- (iii) parabola with point I
- (iv) parabola with point H

25. Which of the following are true?

- a) The curve of a parabola is a straight line
- b) The curve of a parabola is a circle
- c) The curve of a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ always crosses the X-axis
- d) The curve of a parabola is a curve
- e) The curve of a parabola lie in only one quadrant
- f) The curve of a parabola is a closed figure
- (i) {f,d} (ii) {a,d} (iii) {c,e,d} (iv) {d} (v) {b,d}

26. Which of the following are true for $m > 0$ and $a > 0$?

- a) The curve of a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ lies in the I & II quadrant
- b) The curve of a parabola $y = -mx^2$ lies in the I & II quadrant
- c) The curve of a parabola $y = mx^2$ lies in the I & II quadrant
- d) The curve of a parabola $x = -my^2$ lies in the II & III quadrant

e) The curve of a parabola $x = -my^2$ lies in the I & II quadrant

(i) {b,d} (ii) {b,d,c} (iii) {a,c} (iv) {e,a,c} (v) {c,d}

27. Which of the following are true for the parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$?

a) If the curve does not meet the X-axis, $b^2 - 4ac < 0$

b) If the curve meets the X-axis at two places, there are two distinct non-real roots.

If the curve does not meet the X-axis,

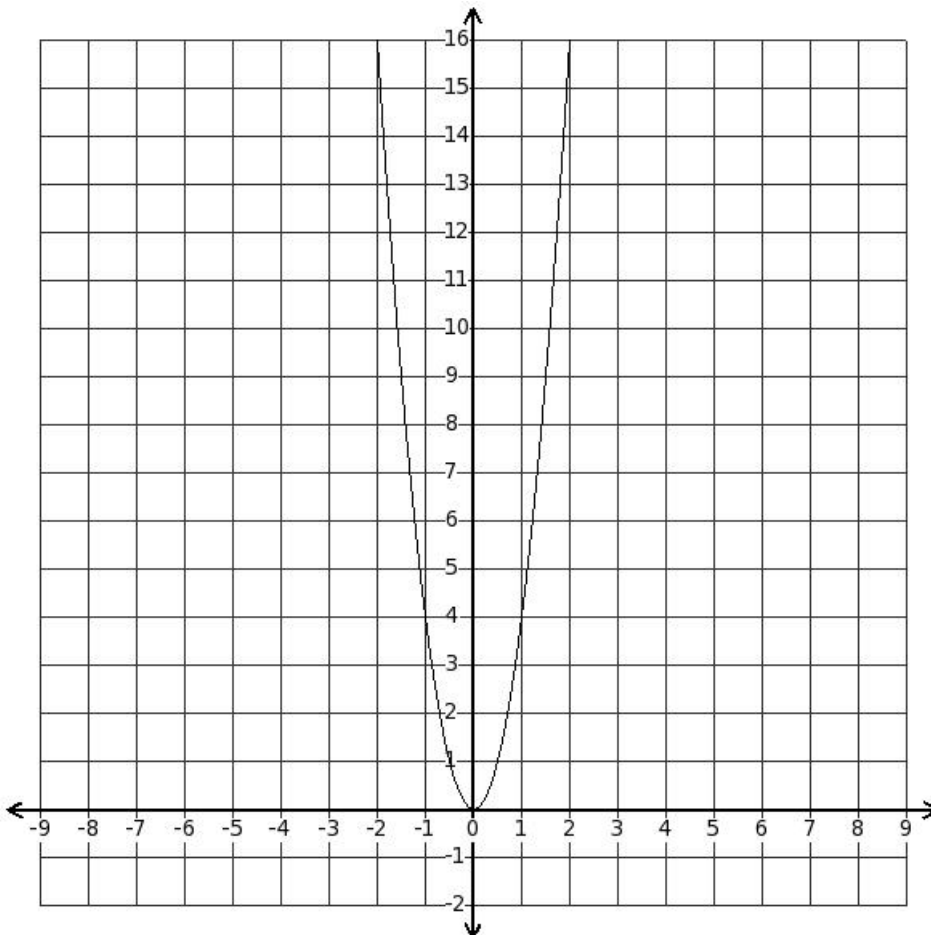
c) there are no real roots for $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

d) If the curve meets the X-axis at only one point, $b^2 - 4ac = 0$

e) If the curve meets the X-axis at only one point, $b^2 - 4ac > 0$

(i) {a,c,d} (ii) {e,c} (iii) {b,a} (iv) {b,e,d} (v) {b,a,c}

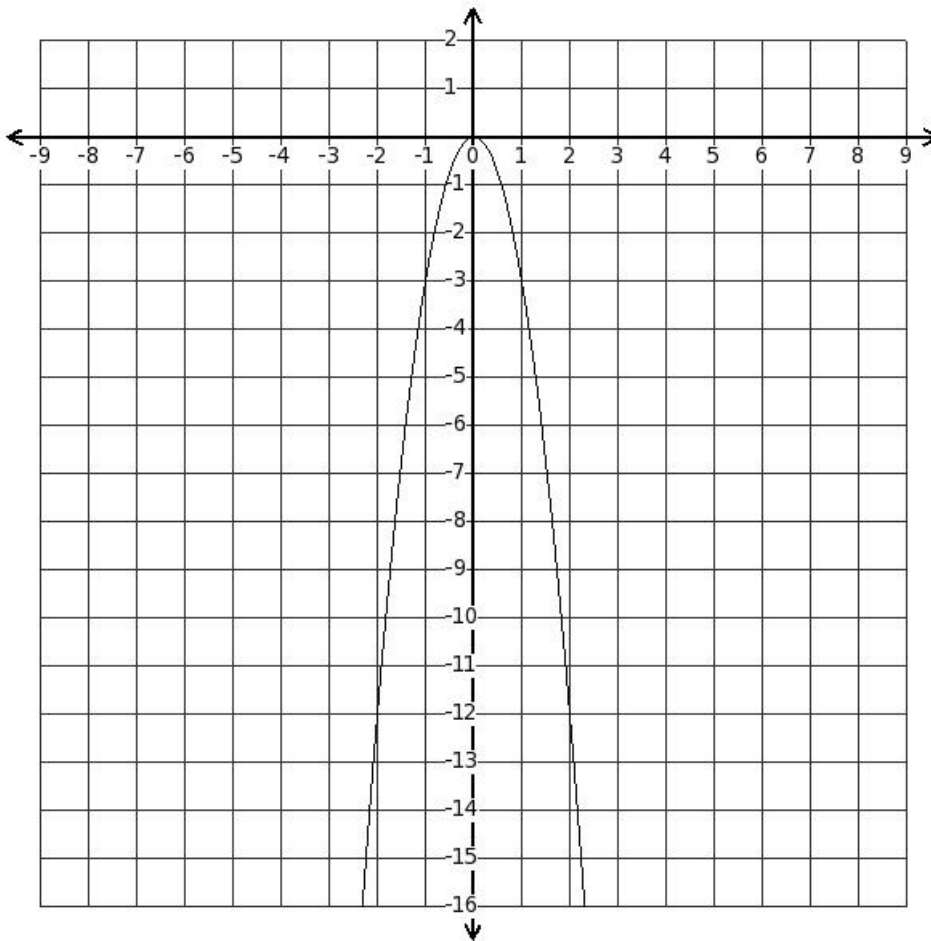
28. From the graph, find the approximate values of 'x' for which $y = 5$



(i) 1.62, -1.62 (ii) 0.62, -0.62 (iii) 0.12, -0.12

(iv) 1.12, -1.12 (v) 2.12, -2.12

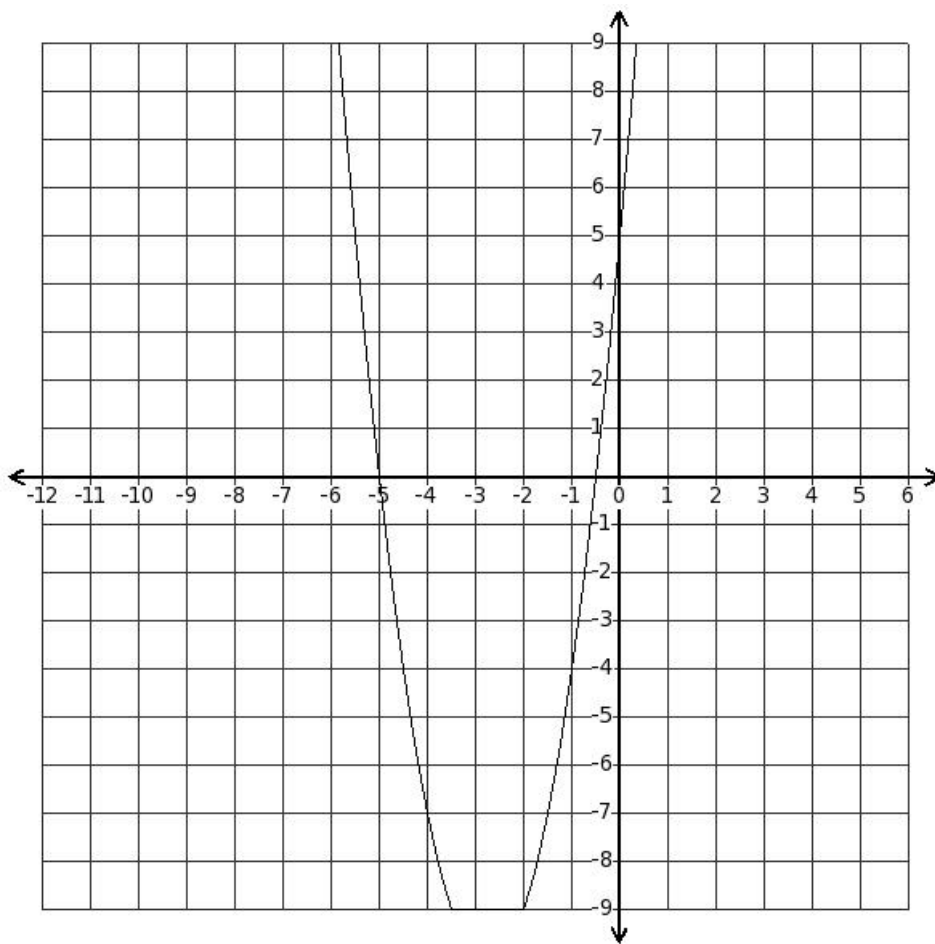
29. From the graph, find the approximate values of 'x' for which $y = -7$



(i) -2.53 , 2.53 (ii) -0.53 , 0.53 (iii) -1.03 , 1.03

(iv) -2.03 , 2.03 (v) -1.53 , 1.53

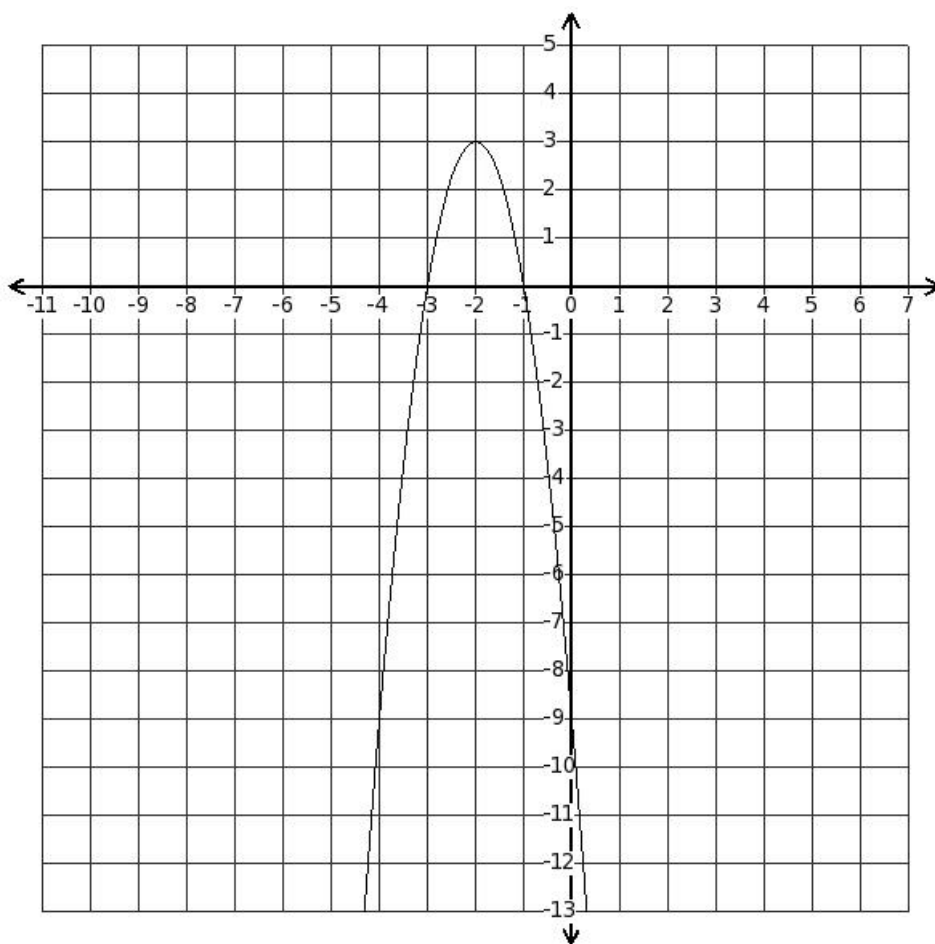
30. From the graph, find the approximate values of ' x ' for which $y = 8$



(i) $0.76, -6.26$ (ii) $0.26, -5.76$ (iii) $1.26, -6.76$

(iv) $-0.74, -4.76$ (v) $-0.24, -5.26$

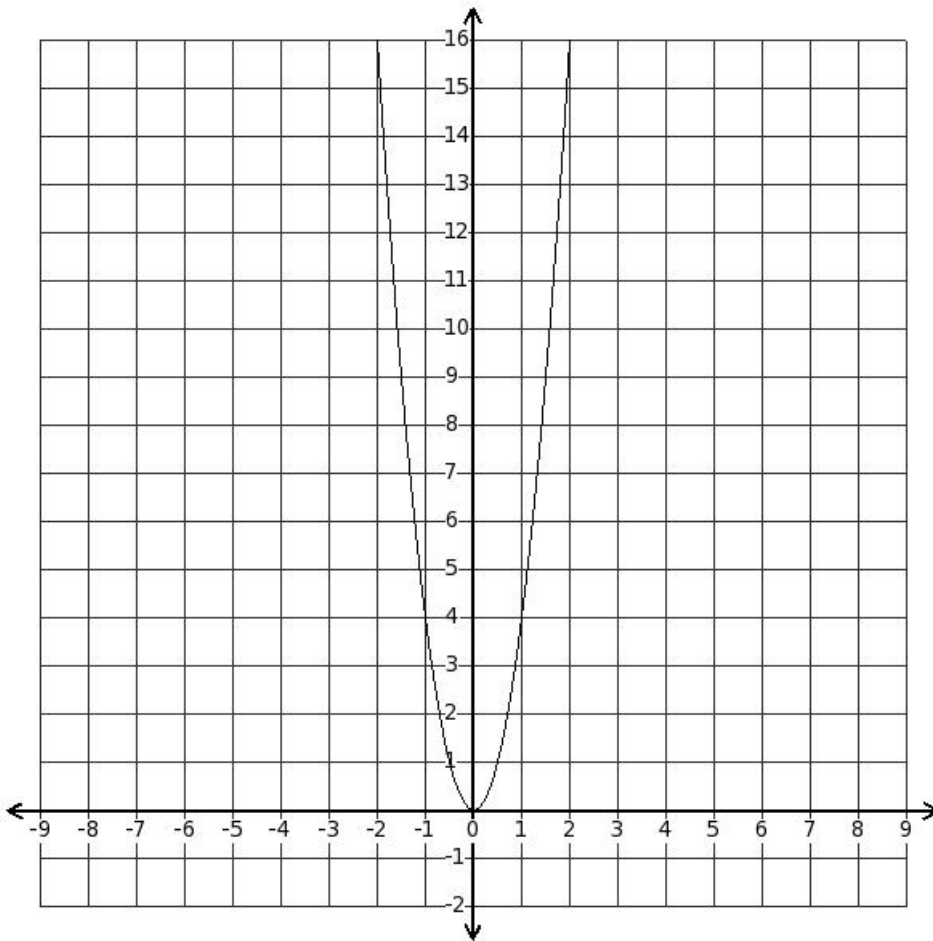
31. From the graph, find the approximate values of 'x' for which $y = -6$



(i) -3.23 , -0.77 (ii) -4.73 , 0.73 (iii) -4.23 , 0.23

(iv) -3.73 , -0.27 (v) -2.73 , -1.27

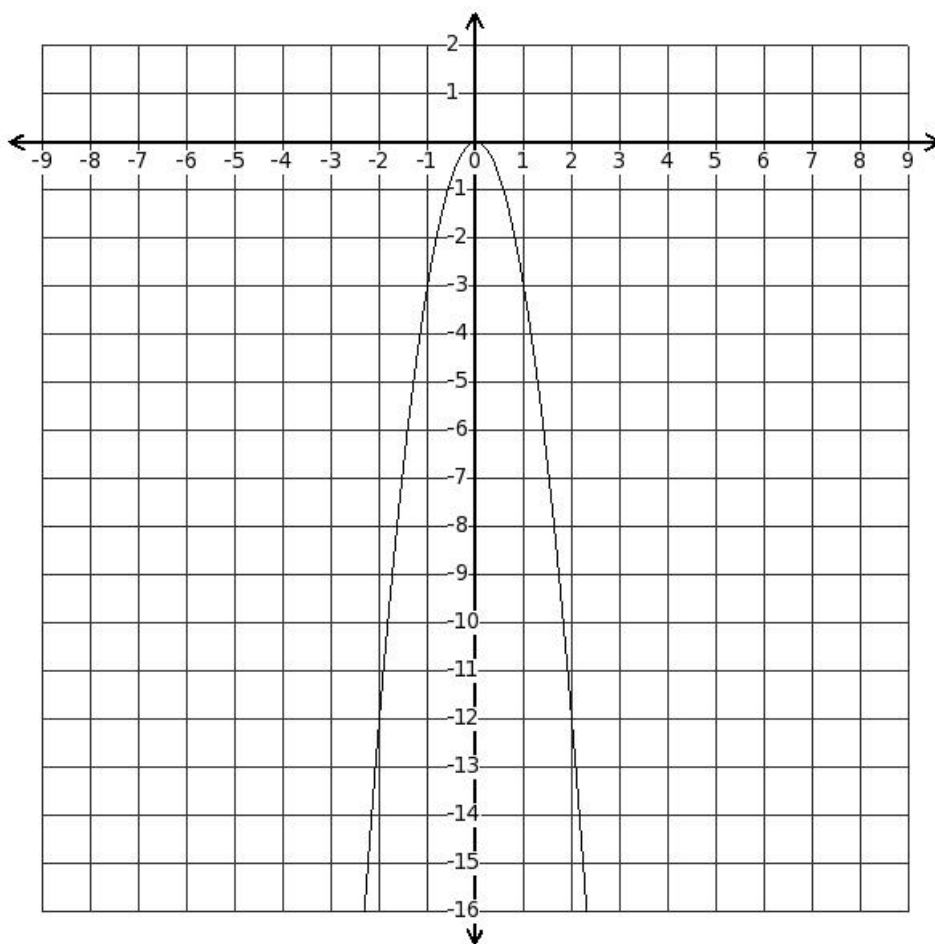
32. Which of the following equations represents the given graph ?



(i) $y = 4x^2$ (ii) $y = 6x^2$ (iii) $y = 5x^2$

(iv) $y = x^2$ (v) $y = 3x^2$

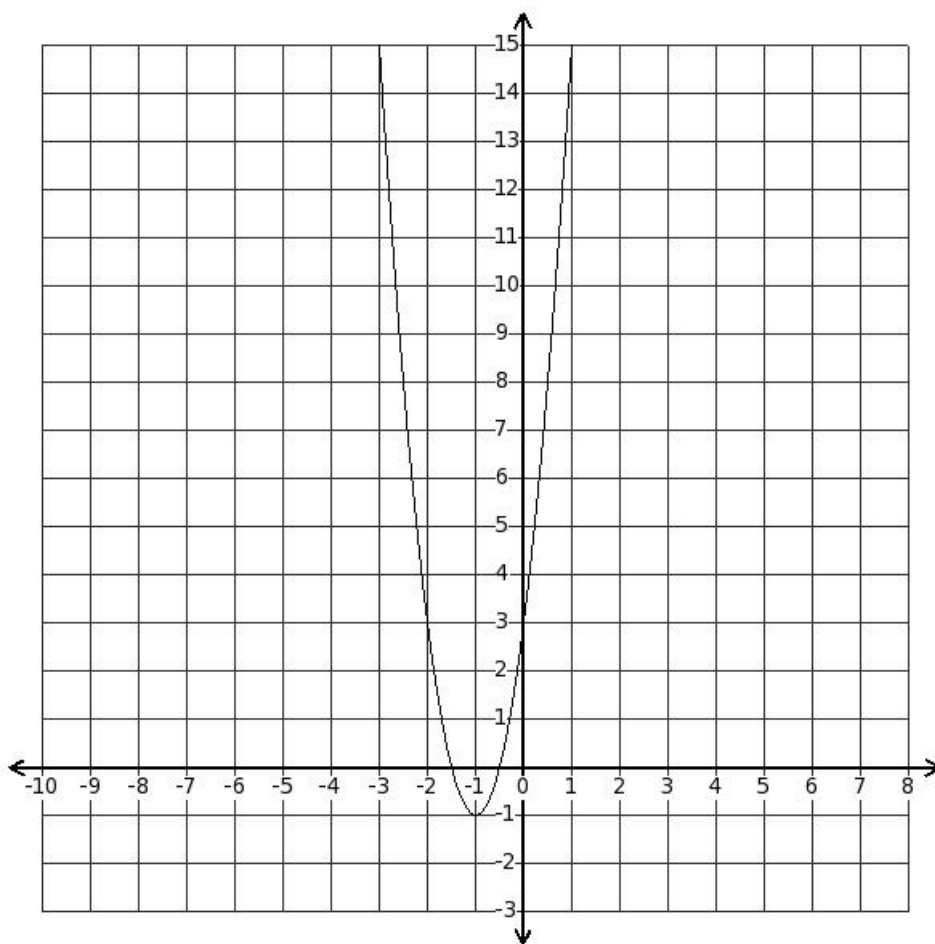
33. Which of the following equations represents the given graph ?



(i) $y = (-6x^2)$ (ii) $y = (-x^2)$ (iii) $y = (-4x^2)$

(iv) $y = (-2x^2)$ (v) $y = (-3x^2)$

34. Which of the following equations represents the given graph ?



(i) $y = (3x^2 + 8x + 3)$

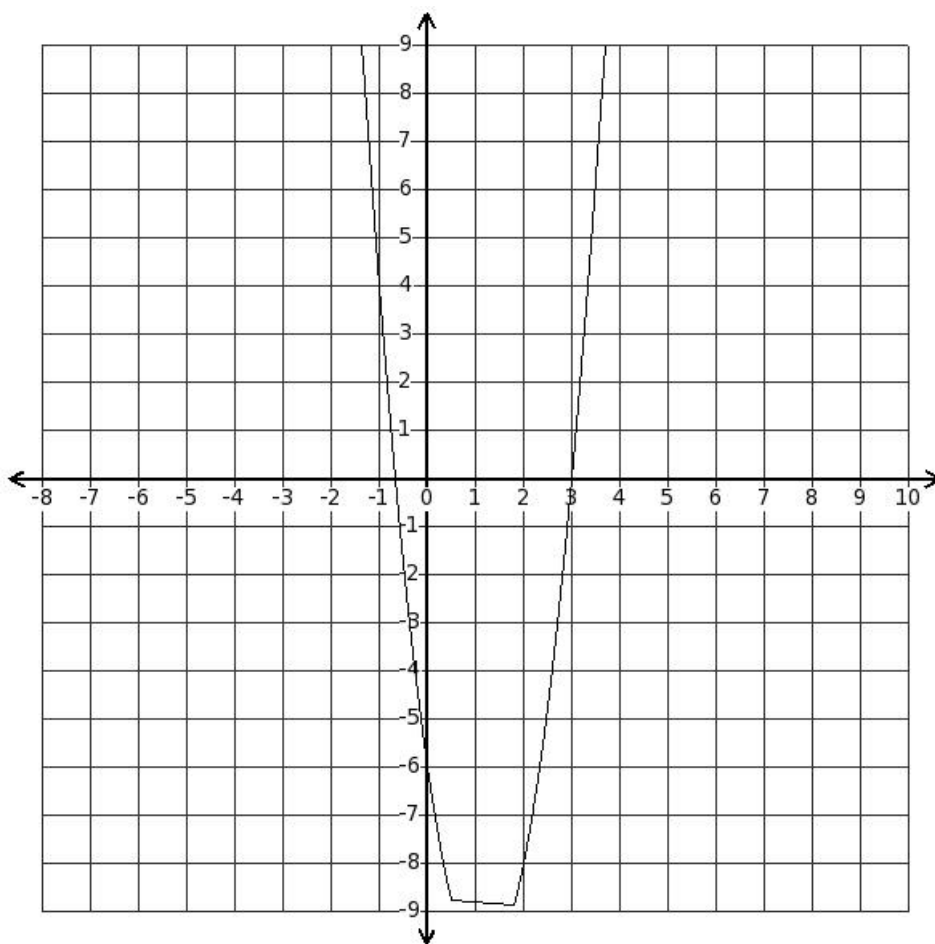
(ii) $y = (4x^2 + 5x + 3)$

(iii) $y = (5x^2 + 8x + 3)$

(iv) $y = (4x^2 + 8x + 3)$

(v) $y = (4x^2 + 11x + 3)$

35. Which of the following equations represents the given graph ?



(i) $y = (3x^2 - 9x - 6)$

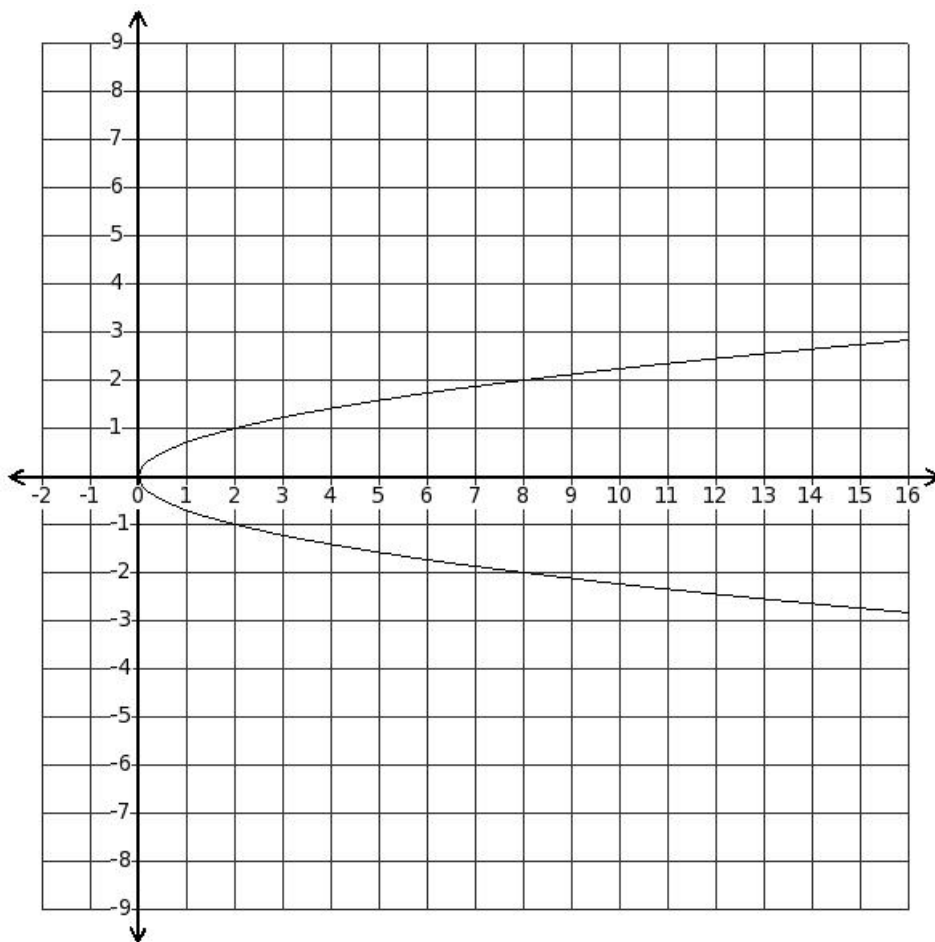
(ii) $y = (3x^2 - 7x - 6)$

(iii) $y = (2x^2 - 7x - 6)$

(iv) $y = (3x^2 - 4x - 6)$

(v) $y = (4x^2 - 7x - 6)$

36. Which of the following equations represents the given graph ?



(i) $x = 2y^2$ (ii) $x = 5y^2$ (iii) $x = 3y^2$

(iv) $x = (-y^2)$ (v) $x = y^2$

37. The point $(5, (-105))$ lies on which of the given parabolae?

(i) $y = (-5x^2)$

(ii) $y = (-5x^2 + 1)$

(iii) $y = (-5x^2 + 4x + 1)$

(iv) $y = (-5x^2 + 4x)$

Assignment Key

- 1) (iii)
- 2) (v)
- 3) (iii)
- 4) (ii)
- 5) (v)
- 6) (iii)
- 7) (iv)
- 8) (i)
- 9) (i)
- 10) (iii)
- 11) (iv)
- 12) (i)
- 13) (i)
- 14) (v)
- 15) (ii)
- 16) (ii)
- 17) (iii)
- 18) (v)
- 19) (iii)
- 20) (iii)
- 21) (ii)
- 22) (iv)
- 23) (iv)
- 24) (iv)
- 25) (iv)
- 26) (v)
- 27) (i)
- 28) (iv)
- 29) (v)
- 30) (ii)
- 31) (iv)
- 32) (i)
- 33) (v)
- 34) (iv)
- 35) (ii)
- 36) (i)
- 37) (iv)