## EduSahara<sup>TM</sup> Learning Center Assignment

Grade : Class X, SSC Chapter : Probability Name : Die Problems

- 1. Two unbiased dice are thrown simultaneously. Find the probability of getting a doublet
  - (i)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (iii)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (iv) 0 (v)  $\frac{2}{7}$
- 2. Two unbiased dice are thrown simultaneously. Find the probability of getting 7 as the sum of the two numbers on the dice
  - (i)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (iii) 0 (iv)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (v)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 3. Two unbiased dice are thrown simultaneously. Find the probability of getting at least 12 as the sum of the two numbers on the dice
  - (i)  $\frac{1}{36}$  (ii)  $\frac{35}{36}$  (iii)  $\frac{2}{37}$  (iv) 0 (v)  $\frac{1}{18}$
- 4. A die is thrown twice. What is the probability that 5 will come up atleast once?
  - (i)  $\frac{12}{37}$  (ii)  $\frac{25}{36}$  (iii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (iv)  $\frac{5}{18}$  (v)  $\frac{11}{36}$
- 5. A die is thrown twice. What is the probability that 1 will not come up either time?
  - (i)  $\frac{11}{36}$  (ii)  $\frac{25}{36}$  (iii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (iv)  $\frac{26}{37}$  (v)  $\frac{13}{18}$
- 6. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting a prime number?
  - (i)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (ii)  $\frac{4}{5}$  (iii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (iv)  $\frac{3}{4}$  (v)  $\frac{5}{6}$
- 7. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting an even number?
  - (i)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (iii)  $\frac{4}{5}$  (iv)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (v)  $\frac{3}{4}$
- 8. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting a 1?
  - (i)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (ii)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (iii) 0 (iv)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (v)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- 9. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting a number greater than 5?
  - (i) 0 (ii)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (iii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (iv)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (v)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- 10. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting a number less than 3?
  - (i)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (iii) 0 (iv)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- 11. An unbiased die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting a number between 3 and 5?
  - (i)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{5}{6}$  (iii)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (iv) 0 (v)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 12. When two dice are thrown simultaneously, how many elementary events are possible?
  - (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (v)

35 37

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13. A die is thrown twice. What is the probability that 6 will not come up either time?

(i)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (ii)  $\frac{26}{37}$  (iii)  $\frac{13}{18}$  (iv)  $\frac{11}{36}$  (v)  $\frac{25}{36}$ 

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14. A die is thrown twice. What is the probability that 6 will come atleast once?

(i)  $\frac{12}{37}$  (ii)  $\frac{25}{36}$  (iii)  $\frac{5}{18}$  (iv)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (v)  $\frac{11}{36}$ 

## **Assignment Key**

- 1) (i)

- 2) (ii) 3) (i) 4) (v)
- 5) (ii)
- 6) (i)
- 7) (ii)
- 8) (v)
- 9) (v) 10) (ii)
- 11) (i)
- 12) (v)
- 13) (v)
- 14) (v)