

EduSahara™ Learning Center Assignment

Grade : Class X, ICSE

Chapter : Matrices

Name : Matrix Addition and Subtraction Concepts

1. Matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 & 4 \\ -3 & -4 & -4 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is the additive inverse of

(i) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -4 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 \\ -3 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ (ii) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -4 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \\ -3 & -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (iii) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -4 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \\ -3 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

(iv) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & -4 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \\ -3 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ (v) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \\ -3 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

2. If the elements of matrix A are multiplied with -1 , we get

- (i) additive identity of A
- (ii) additive inverse of A
- (iii) multiplicative identity of A
- (iv) multiplicative inverse of A

3. If the elements of matrix A are multiplied with 0 , we get

- (i) multiplicative identity of A
- (ii) additive identity of A
- (iii) multiplicative inverse of A
- (iv) additive inverse of A

4. A 2×4 matrix has

- a) 2 rows and 8 columns
 - b) 6 rows and 4 columns
 - c) 4 rows and 2 columns
 - d) 2 rows and 4 columns
- (i) {d} (ii) {b,d} (iii) {a,d} (iv) {c,a,d}

5. Which of the following are true for matrices A and B ?

- a) If A and B can be multiplied, they must have the same order
- b) If $AB = 0$, $A = 0$ or $B = 0$ or both A and B are zero matrices
- c) If A and B can be added, they must have the same order

d) The orders of $(A \times B)$ and $(B \times A)$ are same

(i) $\{b,c\}$ (ii) $\{a,c\}$ (iii) $\{c\}$ (iv) $\{d,a,c\}$

6. If $(A + B) = 0$, then

a) B is the additive identity of A

b) A is the additive identity of B

c) B is the additive inverse of A

d) A is the additive inverse of B

(i) $\{a,d,c\}$ (ii) $\{a,b,c\}$ (iii) $\{a,c\}$ (iv) $\{b,d\}$ (v) $\{c,d\}$

7. Which of the following are true ?

a) The order of $(A \times B)$ and $(B \times A)$ is same

b) If $AB = 0$, then $A = 0$ or $B = 0$ or both A & B are 0

c) If matrices A & B can be multiplied, they must have the same order

d) If matrices A & B can be added, they must have the same order

(i) $\{c,a,d\}$ (ii) $\{d\}$ (iii) $\{a,d\}$ (iv) $\{b,d\}$

8. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$,

then $(A + B) =$

(i) $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} & a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} \\ a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} & a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$

(ii) $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{21} + b_{12} \\ a_{12} + b_{21} & a_{22} + b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$

(iii) $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{21} + b_{21} \\ a_{12} + b_{12} & a_{22} + b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$

(iv) $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{12} + b_{12} \\ a_{21} + b_{21} & a_{22} + b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$

9. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} \end{bmatrix}$,

$$a_{21} \quad a_{22} \quad a_{23}$$

$$b_{21} \quad b_{22} \quad b_{23}$$

$$a_{31} \quad a_{32} \quad a_{33}$$

$$b_{31} \quad b_{32} \quad b_{33}$$

then $(A + B) =$

$$(i) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{21} + b_{21} & a_{31} + b_{31} \\ a_{12} + b_{12} & a_{22} + b_{22} & a_{32} + b_{32} \\ a_{13} + b_{13} & a_{23} + b_{23} & a_{33} + b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(ii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{21} + b_{12} & a_{31} + b_{13} \\ a_{12} + b_{21} & a_{22} + b_{22} & a_{32} + b_{23} \\ a_{13} + b_{31} & a_{23} + b_{32} & a_{33} + b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} + b_{11} & a_{12} + b_{12} & a_{13} + b_{13} \\ a_{21} + b_{21} & a_{22} + b_{22} & a_{23} + b_{23} \\ a_{31} + b_{31} & a_{32} + b_{32} & a_{33} + b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} + a_{13}b_{31} & a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} + a_{13}b_{32} & a_{11}b_{13} + a_{12}b_{23} + a_{13}b_{33} \\ a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} + a_{23}b_{31} & a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} + a_{23}b_{32} & a_{21}b_{13} + a_{22}b_{23} + a_{23}b_{33} \\ a_{31}b_{11} + a_{32}b_{21} + a_{33}b_{31} & a_{31}b_{12} + a_{32}b_{22} + a_{33}b_{32} & a_{31}b_{13} + a_{32}b_{23} + a_{33}b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

10. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$,

then $(A - B) =$

$$(i) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{21} - b_{12} \\ a_{12} - b_{21} & a_{22} - b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(ii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} & a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} \\ a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} & a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 21 & 11 & 22 & 21 & 21 & 12 & 22 & 22 \end{matrix}$$

$$(iii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{12} - b_{12} \\ a_{21} - b_{21} & a_{22} - b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{21} - b_{21} \\ a_{12} - b_{12} & a_{22} - b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$11. \text{ If } A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} \end{bmatrix},$$

then $(A - B) =$

$$(i) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} + a_{13}b_{31} & a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} + a_{13}b_{32} & a_{11}b_{13} + a_{12}b_{23} + a_{13}b_{33} \\ a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} + a_{23}b_{31} & a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} + a_{23}b_{32} & a_{21}b_{13} + a_{22}b_{23} + a_{23}b_{33} \\ a_{31}b_{11} + a_{32}b_{21} + a_{33}b_{31} & a_{31}b_{12} + a_{32}b_{22} + a_{33}b_{32} & a_{31}b_{13} + a_{32}b_{23} + a_{33}b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(ii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{21} - b_{21} & a_{31} - b_{31} \\ a_{12} - b_{12} & a_{22} - b_{22} & a_{32} - b_{32} \\ a_{13} - b_{13} & a_{23} - b_{23} & a_{33} - b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iii) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{21} - b_{12} & a_{31} - b_{13} \\ a_{12} - b_{21} & a_{22} - b_{22} & a_{32} - b_{23} \\ a_{13} - b_{31} & a_{23} - b_{32} & a_{33} - b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} - b_{11} & a_{12} - b_{12} & a_{13} - b_{13} \\ a_{21} - b_{21} & a_{22} - b_{22} & a_{23} - b_{23} \\ a_{31} - b_{31} & a_{32} - b_{32} & a_{33} - b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

12.

Which of the following matrices is comparable to the

given matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 7 & 2 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$?

(i) $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 5 & 5 & 5 & 8 \\ 8 & 7 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ (ii) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 & 6 \\ 6 & 8 & 9 \\ 7 & 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ (iii) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 & 3 & 1 \\ 7 & 5 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 7 & 7 \\ 5 & 2 & 6 & 8 \\ 7 & 8 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(iv) $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & 8 \\ 9 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 9 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ (v) $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 3 \\ 9 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

13. Which of the following matrices can be added to $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$?

(i) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 7 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ (ii) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ (iii) $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(iv) $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 \\ 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ (v) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & 1 \\ 7 & 6 & 8 \\ 7 & 8 & 8 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

14. Which of the following pairs of matrices are comparable?

(i) $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & -8 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} -7 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

(ii) $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & -8 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -9 \\ -6 & -1 \\ 9 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

(iii) $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & -8 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} -9 & -3 & 4 \\ 5 & 9 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$

(iv)

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & -3 & 4 \\ 5 & 9 & -9 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -9 \\ -6 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

9 6

$$(v) \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -8 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -5 \\ -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

15. Find the additive identity of matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -2 \\ 9 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$(i) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (ii) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (iii) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (v) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

16. Find the additive identity of matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & -4 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

$$(i) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (ii) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (iii) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iv) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (v) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Assignment Key

- 1) (iii)
- 2) (ii)
- 3) (ii)
- 4) (i)
- 5) (iii)
- 6) (v)
- 7) (ii)
- 8) (iv)
- 9) (iii)
- 10) (iii)
- 11) (iv)
- 12) (ii)
- 13) (iv)
- 14) (v)
- 15) (iv)
- 16) (iv)